

The Central Indiana Senior Fund is partnering with The Polis Center on the State of Aging in Central Indiana Report to achieve their vision of providing reliable, up-to-date information about trends and emerging issues related to the older adult population.

The Central Indiana Senior Fund is a fund of the Central Indiana Community Foundation.

State of Aging Website

https://centralindiana.stateofaging.org/







Aging Services Providers Funders

Other Decision Makers













Are We Prepared to Help Older Adults Age in Place?

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Presenters

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Community Engagement Specialist, WFYI/Side Effects Public Media



The need

What does the ever-changing population of older adults in Central Indiana look like? Specifically, what needs may they have related to aging in place?

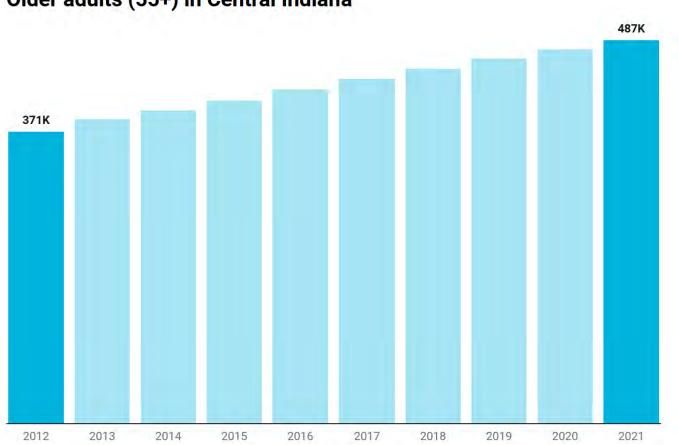


There is a growing number of older adults in Central Indiana

And a growing percentage of older adults who will likely need some form of healthcare assistance



Increasing older adult population



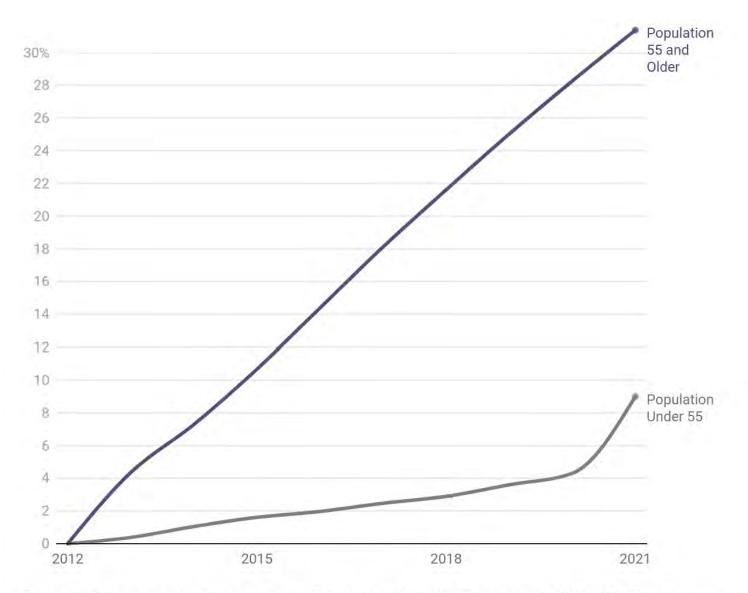
Older adults (55+) in Central Indiana

- 116,000 more older adults since 2012
- 31% increase
- General trend seen nationwide

Source: ACS 2012-2016 and 2017-2021 five-year estimates • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



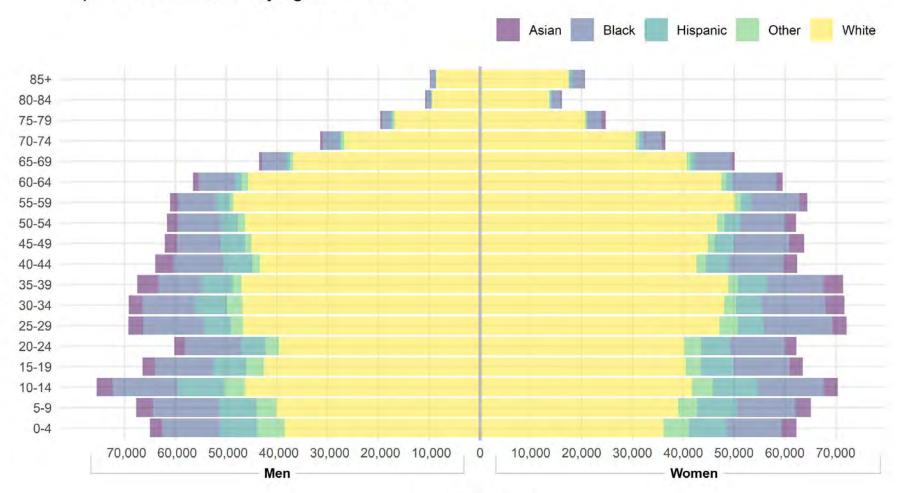
Population Growth Rate in Central Indiana since 2012



Because this shows population change since 2012, the chart for both groups begins at 0% in 2012. There are many more people under age 55, but the growth rate is greater among those 55 and older.

Source: PUMS, ACS 2008-2012 and 2017-2021 five year estimates • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

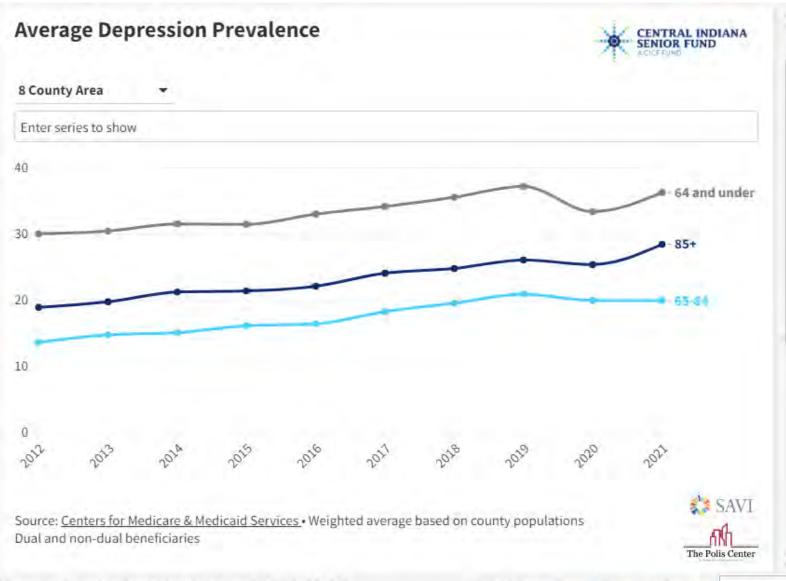
Central Indiana older population will be more diverse in coming years



Population distribution by age and race

Source: PUMS, American Community Survey, 2017-2021 five-year estimates

Depression has been on the rise

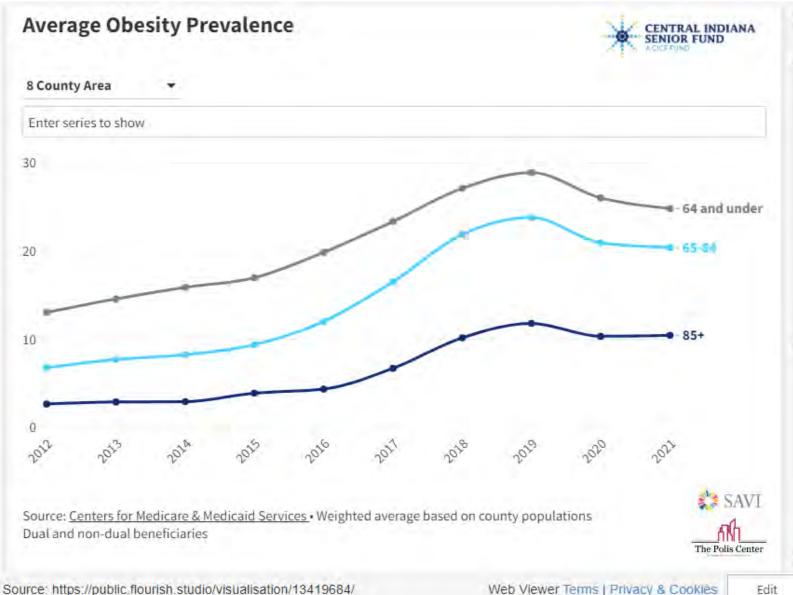


- Particularly for adults
 85+ and 64 and under
- Implies greater need for mental health services moving forward
- Related to many other factors such as isolation, physical health, etc.

Source: https://public.flourish.studio/visualisation/13420093/

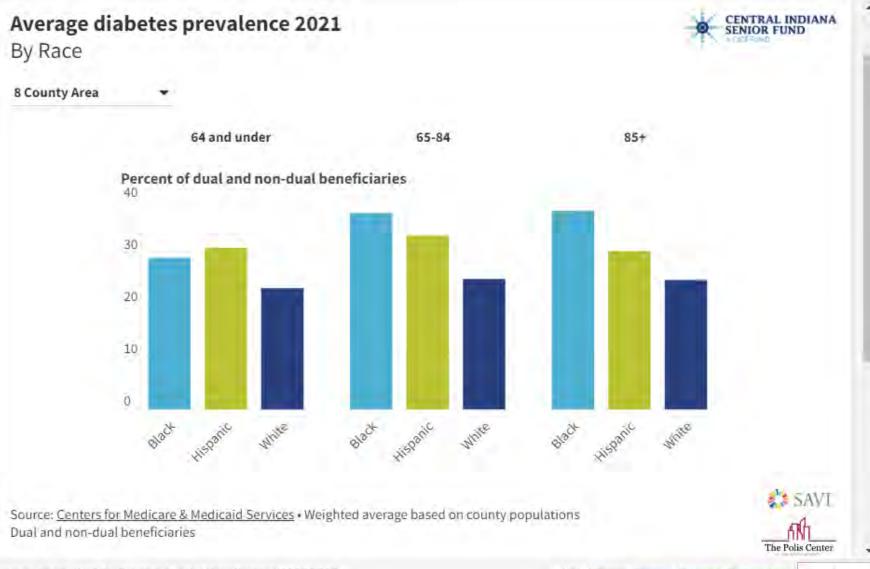
Edit

Obesity has been on the rise



- Particularly for adults 64 and under
- Additional care and resources needed
 - I.e., special beds, special care from caregivers, etc.
- Risk factor for other health conditions
 - i.e., COVID-19

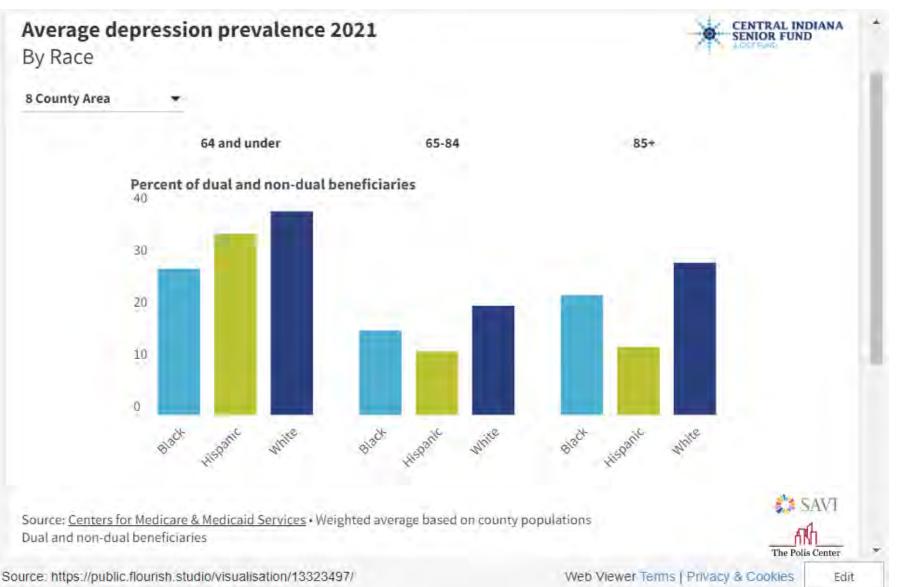
Geographic and racial disparities in health



- Example: Marion
 County higher
 diabetes rate than
 Hamilton County
- Black and Hispanic populations have greater rates of diabetes in several counties
 - But lacking data in some counties

Source: https://public.flourish.studio/visualisation/13323506/

Geographic and racial disparities in health

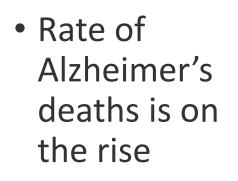


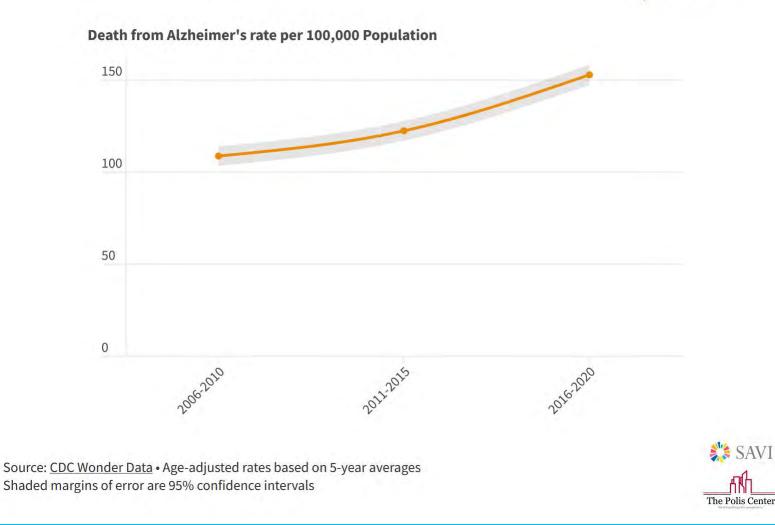
- Example: Marion County higher rates of depression for White individuals
- But not as much of a difference in Hamilton County
- Lack of data for Black/Hispanic older adults

Other important health trends related to aging in place

Central Indiana age 55+





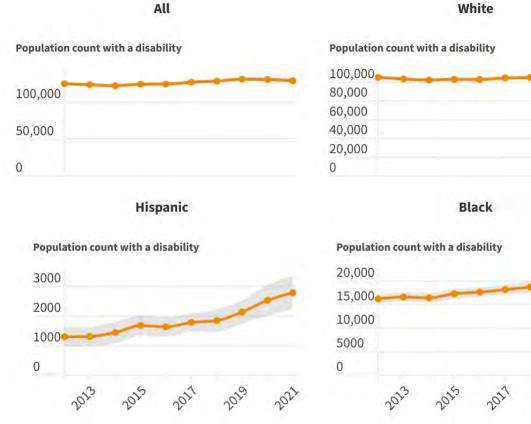




Number of those with a disability is increasing in minority

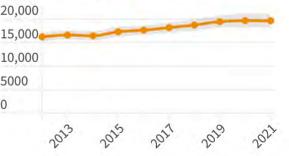
groups

Central Indiana age 55+



Source: ACS PUMS data • 10 Central Indiana Counties Shaded margins of error are 90% confidence intervals CENTRAL INDIANA SENIOR FUND



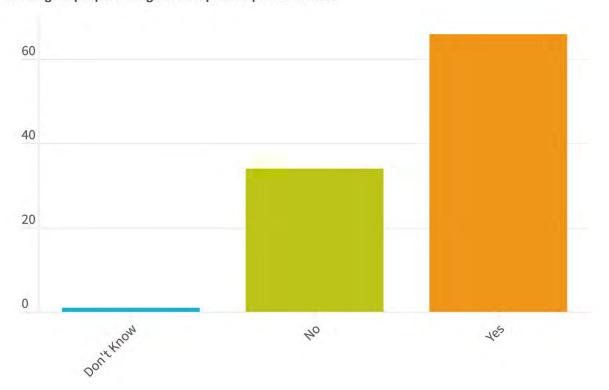




Feelings of depression prevalent in both older and younger adults with a disability in Indiana

Indiana

 Points to need for services for both physical care and mental health care



Percentage of people feeling sad or depressed past 12 months

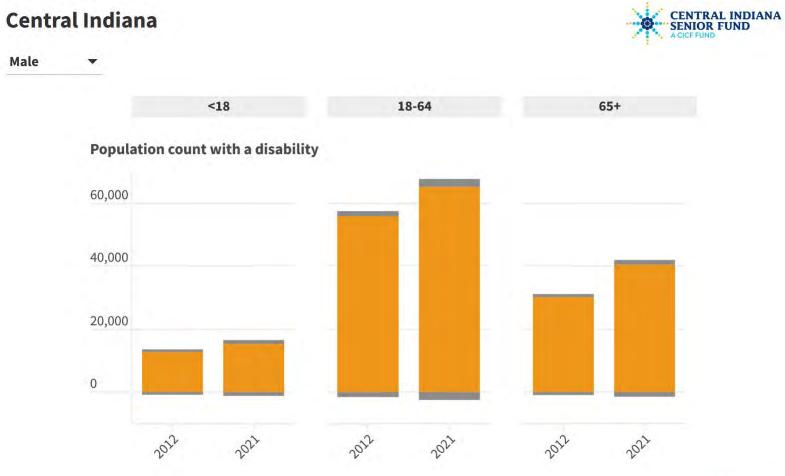
Source: NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey • 2019-2020, Indiana

N = 294 respondents, approximately 3.2% MoE, 95% CL, Percentage is based on respondents feeling sad or depressed and talking with someone about it in past 12 months



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Increasing number of both younger and older adults with disabilities in Central Indiana



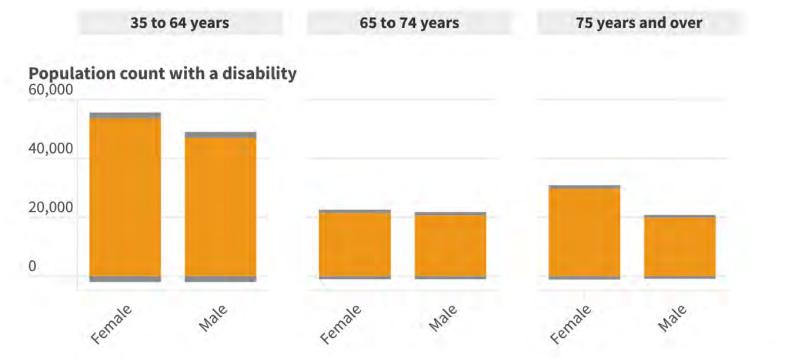
Source: <u>ACS PUMS data 5YR Averages</u> • 10 Central Indiana Counties Shaded margins of error are 90% confidence intervals





More females than males have a disability in older age groups, particularly 75 and over

2021 Central Indiana



Source: <u>ACS PUMS data 5YR Averages</u> • 10 Central Indiana Counties Shaded margins of error are 90% confidence intervals



What does this have to do with aging in place?

The rise in chronic health conditions and disability means more requirements/needs to properly aging in place

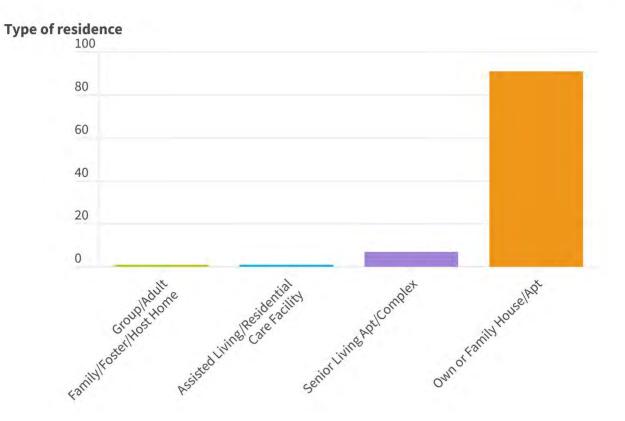


Most Indiana older adults with disabilities currently live in their own home/apartment or a family home/apartment

The question is, do they have the proper home environment to meet their needs? Indiana

SHA SHA





Source: <u>NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey</u> • 2019-2020, Indiana N = 750 respondents, approximately 3.2% MoE, 95% CL



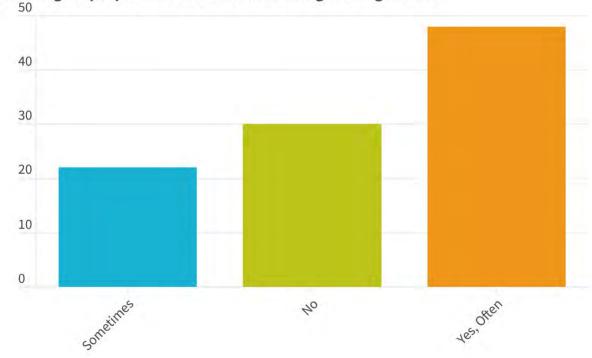


Many adults with disabilities have a fear of falling or being unstable (close to half)

Indiana







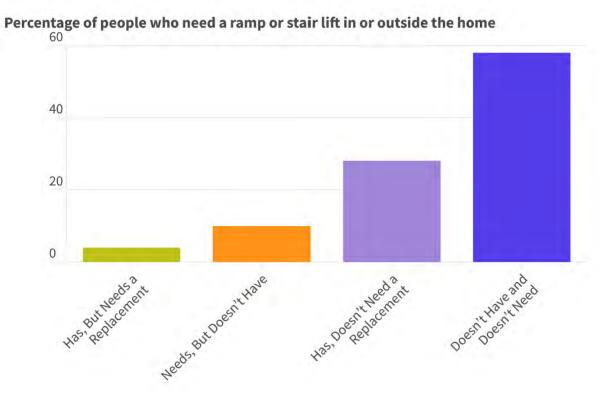
Source: <u>NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey</u> • 2019-2020, Indiana N = 781 respondents, approximately 3.2% MoE, 95% CL



Some need repairs or modifications at home to meet their needs (~14%)

Indiana





Source: <u>NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey</u> • 2019-2020, Indiana N = 787 respondents, approximately 3.2% MoE, 95% CL



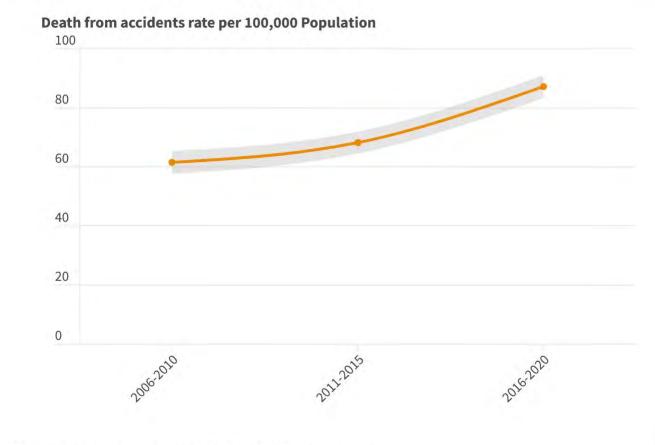
Important to note

Deaths from accidents is increasing

Because the RATE is increasing AND the number of older adults in Central Indiana is increasing, the number of older adults dying from accidents is exponentially increasing.

Central Indiana age 55+





Source: <u>CDC Wonder Data</u> • Age-adjusted rates based on 5-year averages Shaded margins of error are 95% confidence intervals



What about the workforce to help older adults age in place?

For example:

- Caregivers
- Nurses
- Physicians
- Community health workers

Caregivers are an important aspect of at-home care

- Particularly informal caregivers
- Hard to document the size of this workforce
- Many are older adults themselves
- Estimated 790,000 family caregivers worth an economic value of <u>\$10.8 million</u> dollars for their unpaid services in Indiana.

Reinhard, S. C., Caldera, S., Houser, A., & Choula, R. B. (2023). Valuing the Invaluable: 2023 Update Strengthening Supports for Family Caregivers.





The pandemic was tough on caregivers

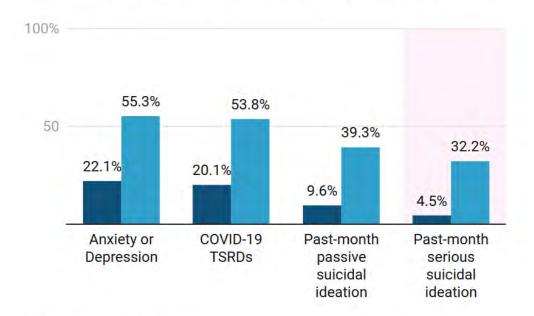
• Mental health of caregivers took a toll nationally

Caregivers reported a much higher prevalence of negative mental health impacts during the COVID-19 pandemic

Percentage of these groups who reported experiencing the following between December 2020 and March 2021

Non-caregivers

Caregivers (parents only, caregivers of adults only, or those with both roles)

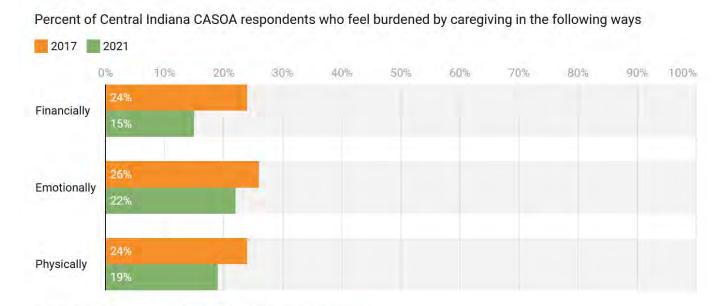


Disorders classified as TSRDs in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, include posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD), acute stress disorder (ASD), and adjustment disorders, among others.

Source: Mark Czeisler, Elizabeth Rohan, Stephanie Melillo, et al., "Mental Health Among Parents of Children Aged <18 Years and Unpaid Caregivers of Adults During the COVID-19 Pandemic — United States, December 2020 and February– March 2021" (2021) • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

However, some interesting trends for older adult caregivers

- Those who felt burdened by caregiving responsibilities dropped from 2017 to 2021
- This may have been to multiple factors related to COVID-19, i.e.:
 - Fewer opportunities to serve as a caregiver
 - More workplace flexibility (i.e., remote work)



Source: CASOA, 2017 & 2021 • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

What about health care professionals who are essential to properly aging in place?

For example:

- Nurses
- Physicians

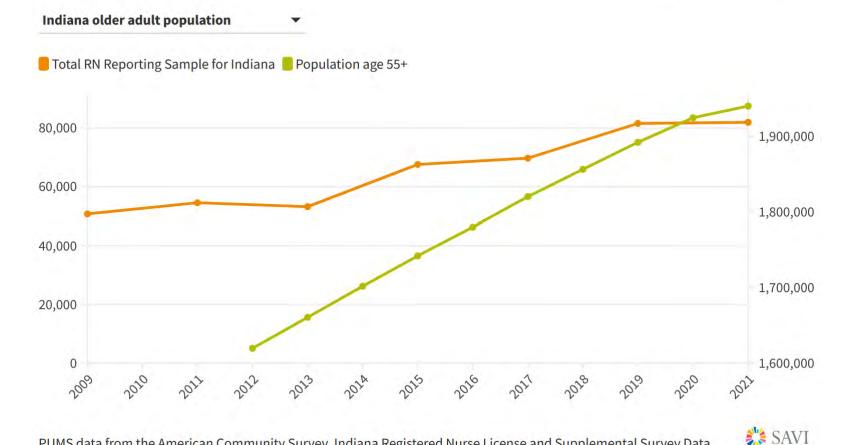




Trends in nursing workforce in Indiana

Reporting sample of nurses and adults age 55+

 RN workforce has plateaued since 2019, while the older adult population continues to increase



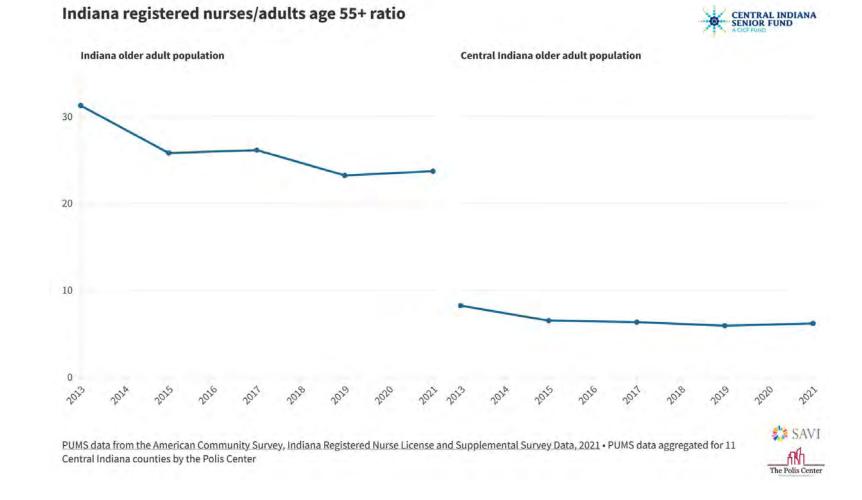
<u>PUMS data from the American Community Survey, Indiana Registered Nurse License and Supplemental Survey Data,</u> <u>2021</u> • PUMS data aggregated for 10 Central Indiana counties by the Polis Center Shaded region for Central Indiana older adult population represents the 90% confidence interval of the data.



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Trends in nursing workforce in Indiana

 The ratio of total RNs to older adults has decreased since 2013



Central Indiana population/RN ratios

- Ratio of 96:1 is the national median¹
- Having more nurses per capita is associated with better population level health outcomes¹
- Marion County is the only county in Central Indiana with a ratio better than the national median

¹Bigbee, J. L., Evans, S., Lind, B., Perez, S., Jacobo, L., & Geraghty, E. M. (2014). RNto-population ratio and population health: A multifactorial study. *Journal of Nursing Regulation*, 5(1), 11-17.



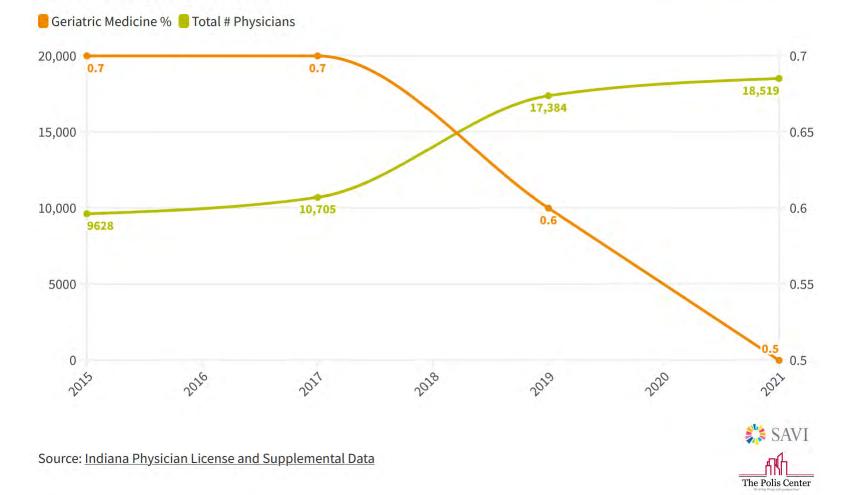
Population to registered nurse FTE Ratio, by County in 2021

Source: Indiana Registered Nurse Re-Licensure Survey, 2021; U.S. Census Bureau, 2016- 2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates • Created with Datawrapper

Trends in physician workforce in Indiana

- Number of physicians has gone up
- Those specializing in geriatrics has gone down (both number and percent)
- Geriatrics is a small proportion of physician specialists

Total physician workforce in Indiana and percentage specializing in geriatrics



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What role do community health workers play?

A community health worker is a frontline public health worker who is a trusted member of and/or has an unusually close understanding of the community served.

This trusting relationship enables the worker to serve as a liaison/link/intermediary between health/social services and the community to facilitate access to services and improve the quality and cultural competence of service delivery.



Image source: https://www.apha.org/aphacommunities/membersections/community-health-workers

American Public Health Association (APHA)



What does this all mean?

- In Central Indiana, there is a growing number of older adults with conditions requiring some sort of care, but also a growing number of older adults who would like to age in place
- There are growing numbers of Black and Hispanic older adults with disabilities
- With more adults of all ages having disabilities, there will be more resources required
- It's difficult to assess the caregiving workforce
- There may be health care workforce gaps for older adult care



What's next? Part 2: Place Matters

- What services are currently available to help older adults age in place?
- Are there enough of these services? Where are the gaps?
- Are there disparities in access and knowledge of these services?
- What is needed to address these gaps and better help older adults age in place?

November 2nd, mark your calendars!



Questions?







Thank you!

State of Aging Website

https://centralindiana.stateofaging.org/

Research Brief from Presentation Link coming soon! Will be sent Monday, May 15th

Panelists

Janet Mackins



Gerontologist, Founder & President, Silver Citizens (Mind-Body-Soul Connection LLC) Founder and Executive Director of Silver Citizens Inc.

Margarita Hart



Executive Director, Indiana Community Health Workers Association (INCHWA) and Esperanza Ministries

Phil Stafford, PhD



Former Director of the Center on Aging and Community at the Institute on Disability and Community, Indiana University in Bloomington

Erica Young



Executive Director, Metropolitan Indianapolis Central Indiana Area Health Education Center

